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164951610516 78387155601 24845390297 20753638.489583 15102935425 26725349.529412 3057228.6964286



America

My Country, 'Tis of Thee

Samuel Francis Smith, lyrics British National Anthem, tune

Piano

B^b F7 B^b E^b
My coun - try, tis of Thee, Sweet Land of the

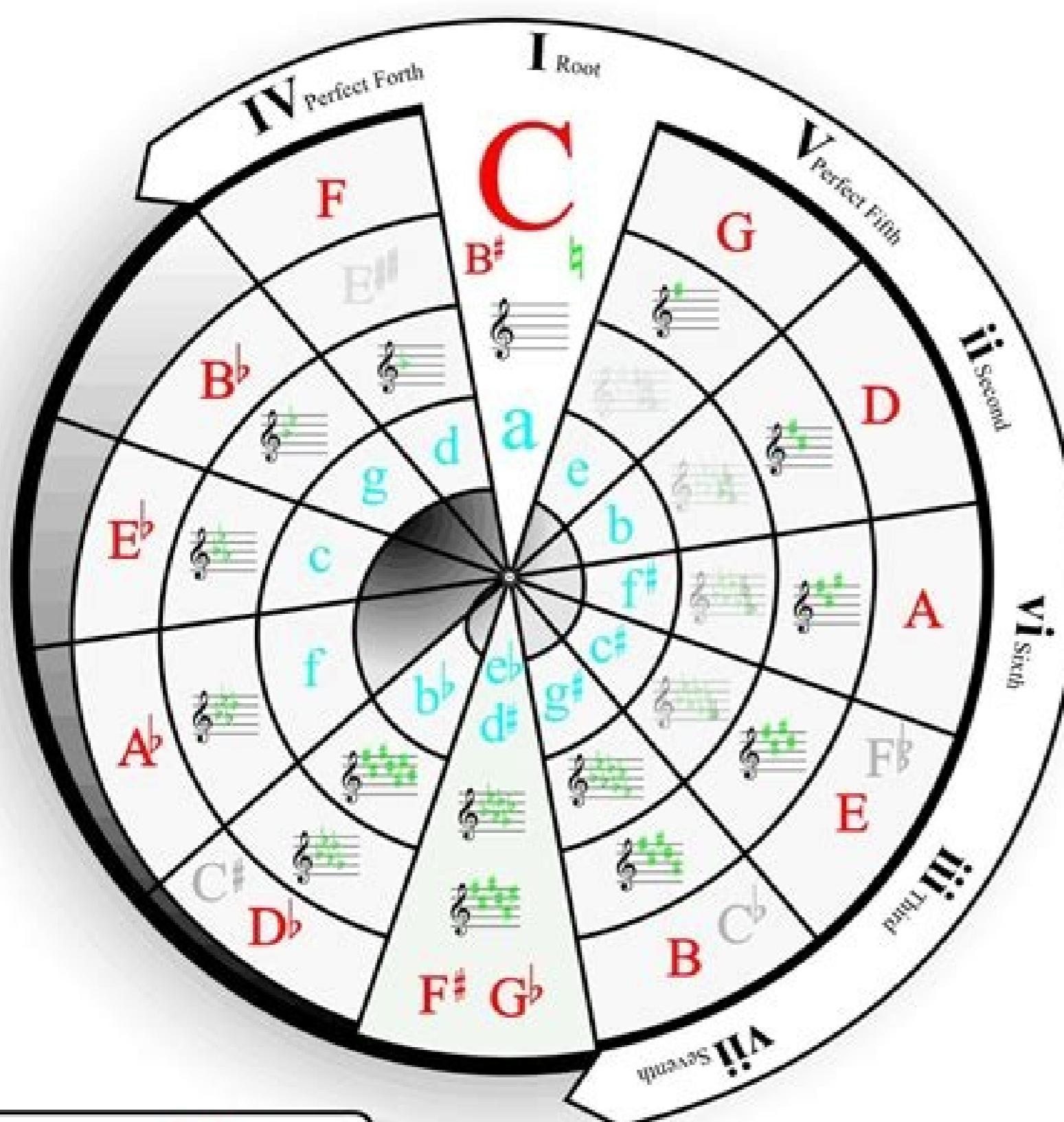
B^b F7 B^b
Li - ber - ty, Of thee I sing; Land where my

no - ble free, Thy name I love; I love thy

F7
fa - others died, Land of woods the pil - grim's pride,
rocks and rills, Thy woods and pil - gims' pride,

B^b E^b B^b F7 B^b E^b B^b F7 B^b
From ev - ry moon - ain side Let Free - dom sing.
My heart with rap - ure thrills Like that a - bove.

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Major keys are **red**.
Relative minor keys, **blue**.
Key signatures are **green**.

In theory, one could continue around the circle adding flats or sharps (so that B major is also C flat major, with seven flats, E major is also F flat major, with 6 flats and a double flat, and so on), but in practice such key signatures are very rare.

A	B ^b	C ^b	D ^b	E ^b	F ^b	G ^b	A ^b	B	C
B	C	D	E	F	G	A	B	C	D
C ^b	D ^b	E ^b	F ^b	G ^b	A ^b	B ^b	C ^b	D ^b	E ^b

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America

My Country, 'Tis of Thee

Suzie Francis Smith, lyrics

British National Anthem, nine

Piano

C G7 C F

My coun - try, 'tis coun - of Thee, Sweet Land of the

My na - tive coun - try, thee thee, Land of the

C G7 C

Li - ber - ty Of thee I sing, Land where my thy

no - ble free. Thy name I love; I love; thy

G7

fa - others died, Land of the pil - grim's pride.

rodos and rills, Thy woods and tem - plied hills.

C F C G7 C F C G7 C

From ev - ry moun - ain side Let Free - dom ring

My heart with rap - ture thrill. Like that a - bow.

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The image shows three staves of musical notation for a voice and piano. The top staff starts with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and includes lyrics: 'D', 'A', 'F#m', 'Bm', and 'Bm'. The middle staff continues with the same lyrics. The bottom staff also continues with the same lyrics. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The title 'Passing Three' is centered above the first staff, and the composer's name 'Laura Rowles' is at the end of the page.

Bass guitar tips and tricks. Bass guitar explained. How to play passing notes on bass guitar. Bass guitar passing notes pdf. How to play notes on bass guitar. Best way to learn notes on bass guitar.

Advertising extracted from the whole Alex de Grassi style guitar in the previous lecion . Your band has you to define the sound of each chord for them. With this type of melodí, you must ensure to choose a group of notes that are easy to execute when it moves according to agreed. Another important function of a bass line is to connect one chord to the next. If the chord is greater, the 7 is replaced commonly with the 6 because it is just a more pleasant sound. Now we should have a clear idea of the Ra z movement of the chord sequence and we have solidified the sound using the fifths of each chord. The chromatic approach note can come from an earlier note or a note under the destination note. To the extent 4, the bass line reproduces a four-grade race through the passenger tones A and BB, respectively in rhythms two and three, resulting in accents in the four notes. 5th: The 5 reinforces the ram, and is quite neutral (it adjusts on any greater, lesser or dominant chord). Using 6 as a pass note is ideal. Both minor and dominant chords have a ¢, ¢, ¢, ¢ etc. If the chord is greater, the 7 is replaced commonly with the 6 because it is just a more pleasant sound. 4th: 4 is a great note to play as a pass Note (a note without stretching that you play on your way to the next important note). Many times, when two main notes are separated with a note, you can use the note in the middle to connect them. Almost all melodias have their own unique set of chords that accompany the music. The tones that pass are notes that they do not belong to the chord that reproduces, but you can to add © punis to chord changes and to create a low-contoured low line. 4th: 4 is a great note to play as a pass note (a note not stressed that you On the way to the next important note). Your hand gets used to a certain sequence, and you don't even have to think about playing the rhythm (after you have practiced it enough, of course). Make your m vil rhythm. Some melodias consist of just an underlying hue at all times, so you don't have to move your rhythm (just listen to a little James Brown Tunes). In the major of chord inside the melod . Certain notes on a scale sound better in a groove than others. These notes create much more color in our lines, since they really describe the character of each chord, that is, if it is greater, lesser or dominant. Make your mixer rhythm. It has been discovering a rhythm for a long time ... slot. s , there is a world for